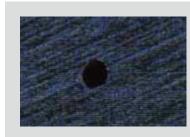
【原因・判断ポイント・発生工程回路形成用ネガタイプAWFの透明部の汚れによって、露光が遮られて出来たもの(AWF作成~ET工程)

【原因、判断要点、发生工序】由于负像 AWF 的透明部位被玷污,妨碍曝光而引起的 (AWF 制作~ET 工序)。

[Causes/processes involved/keys to judgment] Stain on a phototool of negative pattern blocks the exposure light to cause the defect.



[コメント] 顕微鏡倍率× 175 [注釋] 显微镜倍率 × 175 [Coments]

[Coments]
Magnification: ×175

## 1-3-2-3 導体貼付ピンホール/导线转移的针孔/ Pinhole by tear and transfer of conductor

【特徴】断線や欠けなどと同居し、重なっていた配線板の接触面の相対位置には、剥ぎ取られた導体が付着している状態の欠け

【特征】开路和针孔等并存,在重叠板件接触面的相对位置上附着从(别的板件)撕下来的导线的针孔。

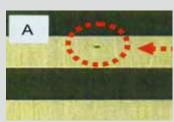
**[Characteristics]** This pinhole exists together with opens and pinholes. A piece of torn conductor from a printed board is sticked to the corresponding position on the surface of another printed board stacked with.

【原因・判断ポイント・発生工程】間紙を挟まずに 配線板を高く重ねたため、自重による過度の負荷が 加わり導体同志が圧着して、引き剥がす際に片側の 導体が引き剥がされて出来たもの(回路形成後~レ ジスト塗布前工程)

【原因、判断要点、发生工序】由于没有使用隔纸, 板件的堆垛太高,自重过度的负荷致使导线之间互相 挤压,当撕开时另一侧的导线被撕下来而引发的(图 形转移后~ET剂涂布前工序)。

## [Causes/processes involved/keys to judgment]

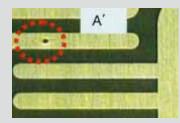
Many printed boards are stacked without using protection paper. Conductor on a surface of a board sticks to the facing surfaces of the other board because of the excessive load of their own weight. When the stuck boards are separated, a part of conductor on one side of a board is torn off and stick to the facing surface. (After forming conductor pattern - before solder resist application)



「コメント」 左写真がピンホール不 合格品、下写真は導体 剥離片転写品

[注释] 左照片是针孔不良,下 照片是导线剥离片的转 移

[Coments]
Left photo: product
with pinhole. Under
photo: product with
torn-off and transferred
conductor pieces.



【コメント】 顕微鏡倍率×

[注释] 显微镜倍率 ×

[Coments]
Magnification: ×