1-2-2-10 基板銅めっき面薬液食れ/镀铜面被药液腐蚀 / Etched copper of base material

【特徴】基板銅めっき表面が食われて凹んでいる状態の欠陥

【特征】板件的镀铜面被腐蚀而凹陷的缺陷。

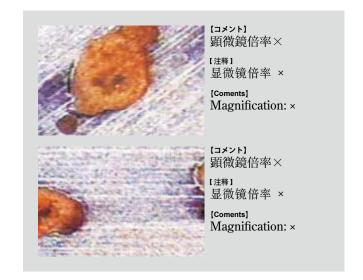
[Characteristics] Plated copper surface of the base material is etched and depressed.

【原因・判断ポイント・発生工程】 基板のDFRラミネート前研磨面が薬液の滴下により食われて出来たもの(DFRラミネート前研磨直後)

【原因、判断要点、发生工序】板件在 DFR 前,研磨面受药水滴液腐蚀所引起的(DFR 压合前至研磨后)。

[Causes/processes involved/keys to judgment]

Drops of a chemical solution on the abraded copper surface of the base material prior to dry film lamination erode the surface. (Just after scrubbing prior to dry film lamination)



1-2-2-11 大径穴周り引掛け欠け/大径孔周围拉裂的缺口 / Nick by tearing around large hole

【特徴】大径穴の周りに多く見られる、銅箔剥がれ 状の欠け

【特征】在大径孔周围常见的铜箔剥离形状的缺口。

[Characteristics] A nick of the form of torn off copper foil is often seen around a large sized hole

【原因・判断ポイント・発生工程】穴あけ加工後の プリント配線板搬送中に、穴バリが相互に引っか かって出来たもの(穴あけ工程後~DFRラミネー ト前)

【原因、判断要点、发生工序】在搬运钻孔后的板件过程,孔的披锋互相拉扯而引起的(钻孔工序后~DFR压合前)。

[Causes/processes involved/keys to judgment]

Burrs around a drilled hole of a stacked multiple panel are seized each other during transportation causing the defects. (Drilling process - dry film lamination process)

